

Fat in Polymer

SpeedExtractor E-916, Multivapor™ P-6:

Determination of the fat content in Polymer samples using the SpeedExtractor E-916

A quick and easy method for the determination of the fat content in polymer samples is introduced.

1. Introduction

The samples are extracted simultaneously under high pressure and elevated temperature with the SpeedExtractor E-916 using a pressurized solvent extraction (PSE) method. After parallel extraction the solvent is evaporated to dryness with the 6 position Multivapor™ P-6 evaporator. The fat content is determined gravimetrically.

2. Experimental

Equipment: SpeedExtractor E-916, Multivapor™ P-6

Samples: 2 Polymer samples (similar to natural rubber); expected fat content: 27 %

Determination: The samples were cut into small pieces (approx. 1 cm) and 2 g were weighed into an extraction thimble. The extraction thimble was loaded into an extraction cell and the following method (Table 1) was used with the SpeedExtractor E-916.

Table 1: Method for extraction with the SpeedExtractor E-916

| Parameter | Value |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Temperature | 120 °C |
| Pressure | 100 bar |
| Solvent | Acetone 50 % Isopropanol 50 % |
| Extraction cell | 40 mL |
| Collection bottle | 240 mL |
| Number of cycles | 6 |
| Heat-up | 1 min |
| Hold | 10 min |
| Discharge | 5 min |
| Vial change | After cycle 4 |
| Flush with solvent | 2 min |
| Flush with gas | 10 min |
| Extraction time | 2 h 20 min |

After the extraction was complete the extract was evaporated to dryness using the parallel evaporator Multivapor™ P-6 (Table 2).

Table 2: Parameters for the Multivapor™ P-6

| Parameter | Value |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Bath temperature | 60 °C |
| Rotation | 7 |
| Max. cooling temperature | 20 °C |
| Step 1 : Acetone | Vacuum : 556 mbar for 10 min |
| Step 2 : Isopropanol | Vacuum : 136 mbar for 10 min |

3. Results

Table 3: Results for sample 1, expected fat content: 27 %

| | mSample [g] | mCollection bottle [g] | mTotal [g] | % Fat |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Cycles 1-4 | 2.1481 | 148.5874 | 149.1014 | 23.93 |
| Cycles 5+6 | 2.1481 | 148.2664 | 148.3064 | 1.86 |
| Sum of all cycles | | | | 25.79 |

Table 4: Results for sample 2, expected fat content: 27 %

| | mSample [g] | mCollection bottle [g] | mTotal [g] | % Fat |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Cycles 1-4 | 2.1781 | 147.8850 | 148.3826 | 22.85 |
| Cycles 5+6 | 2.1781 | 150.4935 | 150.5517 | 2.67 |
| Sum of all cycles | | | | 25.52 |

4. Remarks

Sample preparation

Usually the samples for PSE will be mixed with a dispersing agent to dry the sample and to increase the surface of the sample. This sample was cut into small pieces. Experiments have shown that mixing with a dispersing agent negatively affects this application. To receive sufficient extraction efficiency the sample should also be rolled.

Temperature and extraction thimbles

The properties of the polymer samples depend on the temperature used. Therefore, prior to extraction, the temperature stability of the samples was tested. The samples were placed in a drying oven for 30 min at 120 °C. The samples became sticky, but not molten. The use of extraction thimbles is recommended to avoid the sample sticking to the extraction cell.

5. Conclusion

The fat content of polymer samples can be determined using the SpeedExtractor E-916. The results obtained are comparable to the expected values.

6. References

Operation Manual for the SpeedExtractor E-916
 Operation Manual for the Multivapor™ P-6
 Operation Manual for the Vacuum Pump V-700 and Vacuum Controller V-855

For more detailed information and safety considerations please refer to the Application Note no. 157/2014.