

Ash content determination of various samples

Wet Digester B-440: Sulfated ash determination of various samples

1. Introduction

The wet digestion is used to remove all carbonous material from the sample. The remaining inorganic content can be weighed out, resulting in the sulfated ash, or then be used for further elemental analysis [1]. The digestion is performed using concentrated sulfuric acid while heating the mixture. The heat is ramped automatically using the BUCHI Wet Digester B-440. Once the sulfuric acid has digested the sample and is evaporated, the sample is eventually ashed in a muffle oven to remove any remaining organic material.

2. Experimental

Equipment: Wet Digester B-440, K-415 TripleScrub^{ECO}, Muffle oven

Samples: Various samples, listed in Table 1.

Procedure: Sample is weighed into a ceramic crucible. Depending on the application, an additive is added to the crucible. After 30 minutes reaction time, the mixture is heated up according to Table 1.

Sample	Additive	Volume additive [mL]	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5	Final ashing in muffle oven
Lactose	H2SO4 98%	1	130 °C 15 min	200 °C 35 min	250 °C 15 min	350 °C 15 min	500 °C 20 min	600 °C 2 h
Crystal sugar	H2SO4 98%	1	105 °C 20 min	110 °C 15 min	115 °C 15 min	250 °C 20 min	500 °C 10 min	600 °C 2 h
Modified starch	-	-	400 °C 30 min	500 °C 15 min	600 °C xx ^a min			550 °C 2 h
Modified starch	H ₂ O ₂ 30%	1	150 °C 5 min	400 °C 5 min	600 °C xx ^a min			550 °C 2 h
Wheat flour	-	-	400 °C 30 min	500 °C 15 min	600 °C xx ^a min			550 °C 2 h
Wheat flour	H2O2 30%	1	150 °C 5 min	400 °C 5 min	600 °C xx ^a min			550 °C 2 h

Table 1: Parameters for the digestion with the Wet Digester B-440

^a Time was set to maximum (99 min) and stopped manually

3. Results

The determined ash content is presented in Table 2.

18	able 2.	De	termined	ash	content	in	various	sample	S

Sample	Sample amount [g]	Result
Lactose	1	0.02 - 0.04%
Crystal sugar	1	0.02 - 0.03%
Modified starch (without H ₂ O ₂)	3	0.38% (±0.01%)
Modified starch (with H ₂ O ₂)	3	0.35% (±0.01%)
Wheat flour (without H ₂ O ₂)	2	0.49% (±0.04%)
Wheat flour (with H ₂ O ₂)	2	0.49% (±0.07%)



4. Conclusion

With simple operation and high sample throughput, the determination of the ash content by use of the Wet Digester provides reliable and repeatable results.

5. References

[1] Badran, M. et al. Assessment of wet acid digestion methods for ICP-MS determination of trace elements in biological samples by using multivariate statistical analysis, Journal of Elementology, 179-189, 2018.

For more information, please refer to buchi.com.